

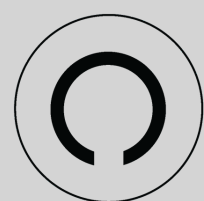


SENSORY STATION

EVALUATION

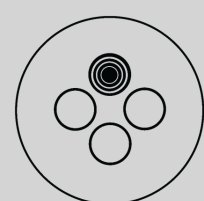
4 VISUAL SKILLS

The ability to see, track and keep up with all the moving information.



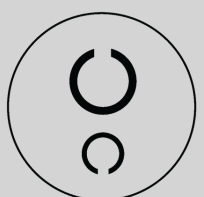
Visual Clarity

Good vision starts with clear data from the eyes.



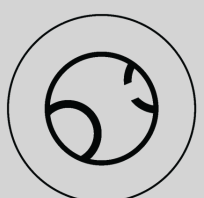
Contrast Sensitivity

Detecting contrast is the beginning of vision and is critical for recognizing objects and faces.



Near-Far Quickness

Changing focus quickly is important for movement, spatial judgment, and making timely decisions.

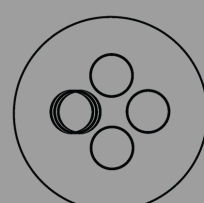


Target Capture

Fast coordination between peripheral and central vision ensure you observe important information.

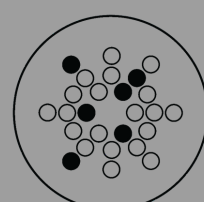
3 PROCESSING SKILLS

The ability to decide. This function relies heavily on how well we can perceive and process information.



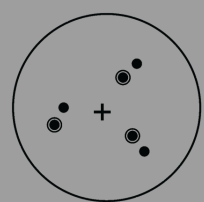
Depth Perception

Judging depth assists in navigation, accurate timing, and proper anticipation for potential collision.



Perception Span

Perceiving and retaining a broad range of visual information helps make quick and accurate decisions.

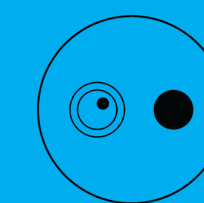


Multiple Object Tracking

Sensing the movement of multiple objects is crucial for spatial awareness and proper movement.

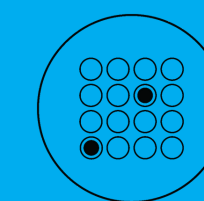
3 REACTION SKILLS

The ability to implement the decision and perform an action by responding effectively and quickly with speed on demand.



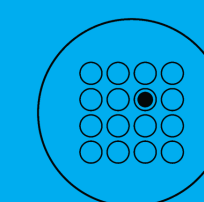
Reaction Time

Reacting quickly to a visual input is crucial to success in all areas of life.



Eye-Hand Coordination

Moving hands quickly and accurately based on visual input is foundational to interaction with the world.



Go / No Go

Inhibiting motion in response to new information protects from mistakes and potential injury.